

# Traffic Impact Study

for the proposed

## Student Housing Development

**City of Oneonta  
Otsego County, New York**

Project No. 32059

December 2012  
Revised February 13, 2012

Prepared For:



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**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

LIST OF TABLES .....	ii
LIST OF FIGURES .....	ii
LIST OF APPENDICES .....	ii
LIST OF REFERENCES .....	iii
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	iv
I. INTRODUCTION .....	I
II. LOCATION .....	I
III. EXISTING HIGHWAY SYSTEM .....	I
IV. EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS.....	2
A. Peak Intervals for Analysis .....	2
B. Existing Traffic Volume Data.....	2
V. FUTURE AREA DEVELOPMENT AND LOCAL GROWTH .....	2
VI. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT .....	3
A. Description.....	3
B. Site Traffic Generation .....	3
C. Determination of Alternative Travel Modes (Transit/Pedestrian/Bicycle Trips)...	4
D. Site Traffic Distribution.....	5
VII. FULL DEVELOPMENT VOLUMES.....	5
VIII. CAPACITY ANALYSIS .....	5
IX. CONCLUSIONS.....	7
X. FIGURES.....	7

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## LIST OF TABLES

---

TABLE I	SITE GENERATED TRIPS .....	4
TABLE II	TRIP REDUCTION AND PRIMARY TRIPS .....	4
TABLE III	CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS .....	6

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## LIST OF FIGURES

---

FIGURE I	SITE LOCATION & STUDY AREA
FIGURE 2	LANE GEOMETRY & AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC
FIGURE 3	PEAK HOUR VOLUMES – 2012 EXISTING CONDITIONS
FIGURE 4	PEAK HOUR VOLUMES – 2014 BACKGROUND CONDITIONS
FIGURE 5	PROPOSED SITE PLAN
FIGURE 6	TRIP DISTRIBUTION
FIGURE 7	SITE GENERATED TRIPS
FIGURE 8	PEAK HOUR VOLUMES – FULL DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

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## LIST OF APPENDICES

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A1.	COLLECTED TRAFFIC VOLUME DATA
A2.	MISCELLANEOUS TRAFFIC DATA AND CALCULATIONS
A3.	LOS CRITERIA/DEFINITIONS
A4.	LEVEL OF SERVICE CALCULATIONS – EXISTING CONDITIONS
A5.	LEVEL OF SERVICE CALCULATIONS – BACKGROUND CONDITIONS
A6.	LEVEL OF SERVICE CALCULATIONS – FULL BUILD CONDITIONS

## LIST OF REFERENCES

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1. Special Report 209: Highway Capacity Manual. Transportation Research Board. National Research Council, Washington, DC. 2000.
2. Trip Generation, Eighth Edition. Institute of Transportation Engineers. Washington D.C. 2008.
3. Traffic Volume Report. NYSDOT. Albany, New York. 2011.
4. New York State Department of Transportation Traffic Data Viewer. 2012. Retrieved from <https://www.dot.ny.gov/tdv>

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### OVERVIEW

The purpose of this report is to identify and evaluate the potential traffic impacts that the proposed Student Housing Development may have on the adjacent highway network.

The proposed development includes 114 (330 beds) apartment-style student housing units. Additionally, four three-bedroom townhouse units are proposed along the entrance road to the development. The report investigates the existing traffic volumes and projects the future weekday AM and afternoon peak hour travel conditions at the intersections of: (1) East Street/Bugbee Road and (2) Blodgett Drive/Bugbee Road.

The proposed development site is located at the northern terminus of Blodgett Drive in the City of Oneonta, Otsego County, New York. The proposed site development area is bounded by forest land to the north and east, Farone Drive to the south, and athletic fields to the west. Peak hour traffic counts were obtained at the study intersections during peak hours.

Construction of the proposed development is anticipated to reach full build-out in two years. City of Oneonta officials were contacted to discuss projects within the study area that are under construction and/or approved. There are no projects identified within the immediate study area.

To account for normal increases in background traffic growth, including any unforeseen developments in the project study area, a growth rate of 0.5% per year has been applied to the existing traffic volumes, based upon historical traffic growth and NYSDOT projections for the area, for the two year build-out period.

The operating characteristics of the access driveways and impacts to the adjacent roadway network are identified and mitigating measures, if any, are provided to minimize any capacity or safety concerns.

### CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

This study evaluates the potential traffic impacts resulting from the projected traffic volumes from the proposed student housing development. Based upon our comprehensive analysis, the results indicate that the proposed project will not have significant adverse traffic impacts to the existing roadway network. The following sets forth conclusions based upon the results of the analyses:

- I. The proposed student housing units are expected to generate approximately 35 trips during the AM peak hour and 49 trips during the afternoon peak hour.

2. The design of the proposed development along with the proximity of the project site to SUNY Oneonta's campus and the availability of Oneonta Public Transit will encourage use of transit, walking and bicycling.
3. There are no significant, adverse traffic impacts to the surrounding roadway network based upon full development conditions.

## I. INTRODUCTION

The proposed development includes 114 (330 beds) apartment-style student housing units. Additionally, four three-bedroom townhouse units are proposed along the entrance road to the development. This report investigates the existing traffic volumes and projects the future weekday AM and afternoon peak hour travel conditions at the intersections affected by the development: (1) East Street/Bugbee Road and (2) Blodgett Drive/Bugbee Road.

In an effort to define traffic impact, this analysis determines the extent of existing traffic conditions, projects background traffic flow including area growth, and projects changes in traffic flow due to the proposed development.

The operating characteristics of the study intersection and impacts to the adjacent roadway network are identified and mitigating measures, if any, are provided to minimize any capacity or safety concerns.

## II. LOCATION

The proposed development site is located at the northern terminus of Blodgett Drive in the City of Oneonta, Otsego County, New York. The site location and study area are shown in **Figure I – Site Location and Study Area** (all Figures are included at the end of this report).

The proposed site development area is bounded by forest land to the north and east, Farone Drive to the south, and athletic fields to the west.

## III. EXISTING HIGHWAY SYSTEM

East Street is functionally classified as an urban minor arterial roadway, under the jurisdiction of the City of Oneonta. Within the study area, motorists travel north and south with one travel lane in each direction. Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) on East Street was approximately 4,152 vehicles per day (vpd) in 2008. This figure is based on the most recent traffic counts collected by the New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT). The posted speed limit on East Street is 45 miles per hour (MPH) north of Bugbee Road. South of Bugbee Road, the speed limit is posted as an area-wide 25 MPH.

Bugbee Road is a local roadway. Within the study area, it travels east/west and provides one travel lane in each direction. Average Daily Traffic (ADT) on Bugbee Road is approximately 2,910 vpd based on turning moving count data collected by SRF & Associates (SRF) in 2012. The posted speed limit is 25 MPH.

Blodgett Drive is a local roadway. Within the study area, it travels north/south with one travel lane in each direction. The ADT on Blodgett Drive is approximately 550 vpd based on turning moving count data collected by SRF in 2012. The area-wide speed limit is 25 MPH.

Existing AADT information was obtained from the NYSDOT *Traffic Volume Report 2011* and NYSDOT *Traffic Data Viewer Website*. **Figure 2** illustrates the lane geometry at each of the study intersections and the ADT volumes on the study roadways.

## IV. EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

### A. Peak Intervals for Analysis

Given the functional characteristics of the land uses proposed for the site (student housing), the peak hours selected for analysis are the weekday morning commuter and afternoon school peaks. The combination of site traffic and adjacent through traffic produces the greatest demand during these time periods.

### B. Existing Traffic Volume Data

Weekday AM (6:45-8:15 AM) and afternoon (1:45-3:15 PM) peak hour volumes were collected by SRF at the intersections of: East Street/Bugbee Road and Bugbee Road/Blodgett Drive. Data collection was conducted between Tuesday, November 27<sup>th</sup> 2012 and Wednesday, November 28<sup>th</sup>, 2012. The peak hour traffic periods generally occurred between 7:00-8:00AM and 2:00-3:00PM for the study intersections.

The weekday AM and afternoon existing condition peak hour volumes are reflected in **Figure 3**.

## V. FUTURE AREA DEVELOPMENT AND LOCAL GROWTH

Construction of the proposed development is anticipated to reach full build-out in two years. City of Oneonta officials were contacted to discuss projects within the study area that are under construction and/or approved. There are no projects identified within the immediate study area.

To account for normal increases in background traffic growth, including any unforeseen developments in the project study area, a growth rate of 0.5% per year has been applied to the existing traffic volumes, based upon historical traffic growth and NYSDOT projections for the area, for the two year build-out period.

The background traffic volumes are depicted in **Figure 4**.

## VI. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

### A. Description

The proposed development includes 114 (330 beds) apartment-style student housing units. Additionally, four three-bedroom townhouse units are proposed along the entrance road to the development.

Access to the proposed housing units will be provided through the existing Blodgett Drive and Farone Drive roadways. All site generated traffic will ultimately use Blodgett Drive as the main roadway for all entering and exiting traffic.

See **Figure 5** for the proposed site plan.

### B. Site Traffic Generation

The next step in the evaluation is to determine the additional traffic attributable to the development as defined, vehicle trips entering and exiting the site.

The volume of traffic generated by a site is dependent on the intended land use and size of the development. Trip generation is an estimate of the number of trips generated by a specific building or land use. These trips represent the volume of traffic entering and exiting the development. Trip Generation, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition is used as a reference for this information. The trip rate for the peak hour of the generator may or may not coincide in time or volume with the trip rate for the peak hour of adjacent street traffic. Volumes generated during the peak hour of adjacent street traffic, in this case the weekday AM and afternoon commuter peaks, represent a more critical volume when analyzing the capacity of the system; those intervals will provide the basis of this analysis.

ITE does not have corresponding Land Use Codes for University Student Housing Apartments and Townhomes. However, this report uses the ITE Land Use Code of Low-Rise Apartments (ITE #221), as it is most comparable to student housing as determined from data collected by SRF at other similar sites.

**Table I** summarizes the volume of projected trips for the weekday AM and afternoon peak hours. All trip generation calculations are included in Appendices of this report.

**T A B L E I: S I T E G E N E R A T E D T R I P S**

DESCRIPTION	SIZE	AM PEAK		AFTERNOON PEAK	
		ENTER	EXIT	ENTER	EXIT
Student Housing Apartments	118 Units*	14	52	53	29

\* Total number of units including apartments and townhouses

**C. Determination of Alternative Travel Modes (Transit/Pedestrian/Bicycle Trips)**

The proposed development intends to create a walkable housing development centered around transit, pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The design of this development encourages students to use alternative modes of transportation and give a higher quality of life without complete dependence on a vehicle for mobility.

As such, the anticipated volume of pedestrian/bicycle and transit trips is quantified to provide a reduction in the expected vehicular trips generated by the proposed housing development. Based on the proximity of the project site to SUNY Oneonta's campus and the availability of Oneonta Public Transit, the following assumptions are used in this analysis:

- Transit usage – 10%
- Pedestrian/Bicycle trips – 20%

**Table II** shows the various trip percentage reductions described above that are applied to the site generated volumes and resulting “new” traffic that will be added to the existing highway system for the weekday AM and afternoon peak periods under full development conditions.

**T A B L E I I: T R I P R E D U C T I O N A N D  
P R I M A R Y T R I P S**

DESCRIPTION	SIZE	AM PEAK		AFTERNOON PEAK	
		ENTER	EXIT	ENTER	EXIT
Student Housing Apartments	118 Units	12	42	45	24
Transit (10%)		-1	-4	-5	-2
Pedestrian/Bicycle (20%)		-2	-8	-9	-5
<i>Sub-Total of Reductions</i>		-4	-15	-14	-7
<b>Total Site Generated Traffic</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>17</b>

#### D. Site Traffic Distribution

The cumulative effect of site traffic on the transportation network is dependent on the origins and destinations of that traffic and the location of the access drives serving the site.

The proposed arrival/departure distribution of traffic to be generated at this site is considered a function of several parameters, including the following:

- Employment centers;
- Existing highway network;
- Proximity to the City of Oneonta;
- Existing traffic patterns; and
- Existing traffic conditions and controls

**Figure 6** shows the anticipated trip distribution pattern percentages for full build-out of the proposed student housing development. **Figure 7** shows the resulting total site generated traffic as assigned to the site driveways and study area intersections for the weekday AM and afternoon peak hour periods under full build-out conditions.

#### VII. FULL DEVELOPMENT VOLUMES

The projected design hour traffic volumes were developed for the weekday AM and afternoon peak hours by combining the future background traffic conditions (Figure 4), and projected site generated volumes for full build-out of the proposed apartments (Figure 7) to yield the total traffic conditions expected at full development. **Figure 8** shows the total weekday AM and afternoon peak hour volumes anticipated for the proposed development under full build-out conditions.

It is noted that the analysis are based upon a greater number of units, and thus a slightly higher volume of site generated trips, than are currently proposed. Therefore, the results discussed below are slightly worse than can actually be expected.

#### VIII. CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Capacity analysis is a technique used for determining a measure of effectiveness for a section of roadway and/or intersection based on the number of vehicles during a specific time period. The measure of effectiveness used for the capacity analysis is referred to as a Level of Service (LOS). Levels of Service are calculated to provide an indication of the amount of delay that a motorist experiences while traveling along a roadway or through an intersection. Since the most amount of delay to motorists usually occurs at intersections, capacity analysis typically focuses on intersections, as opposed to highway segments.

Six Levels of Service are defined for analysis purposes. They are assigned letter designations, from "A" to "F", with LOS "A" representing the best conditions and LOS "F" the worst. Suggested ranges of service capacity and an explanation of Levels of Service are included in the Appendix.

The standard procedure for capacity analysis of signalized and un-signalized intersections is outlined in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM 2000) published by the Transportation Research Board. Traffic analysis software, Synchro 7, which is based on procedures and methodologies contained in the HCM 2000, was used to analyze operating conditions at study area intersections. The procedure yields a Level of Service (LOS) based on the HCM 2000 as an indicator of how well intersections operate.

Existing operating conditions during the peak study periods are evaluated to determine a basis for comparison with the projected background and future conditions. The future traffic conditions generated by the development were analyzed to assess the operations of the intersections in the study area. Capacity results for existing, background, and full development conditions are listed in **Table III**, below. The discussion following the table summarizes capacity conditions. All capacity analysis calculations are included in the Appendices.

**T A B L E III: CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS**

INTERSECTION	EXISTING CONDITIONS		BACKGROUND CONDITIONS		FULL DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS	
	AM	AFTER-NOON	AM	AFTER-NOON	AM	AFTER-NOON
<b><i>East Street / Bugbee Road / Meadowbrook Lane</i></b>						
Eastbound – Bugbee Road	A (9.4)	B (10.1)	A (9.4)	B (10.1)	A (9.6)	B (10.4)
Westbound – Meadowbrook Lane	C (15.5)	C (15.9)	C (15.6)	C (16.0)	C (16.6)	C (18.1)
Northbound – East Street	A (6.2)	A (5.8)	A (6.2)	A (5.8)	A (6.3)	A (6.1)
<b><i>Blodgett Drive / Bugbee Road</i></b>						
Eastbound – Bugbee Road	A (1.0)	A (0.4)	A (0.9)	A (0.4)	A (1.2)	A (0.9)
Southbound – Blodgett Drive	B (10.9)	B (10.5)	B (11.0)	B (10.5)	B (11.8)	B (11.1)

#### East Street / Bugbee Road / Meadowbrook Lane

The intersection of East Street with Bugbee Road-Meadowbrook Lane currently operates at LOS "C" or better on all approaches. No changes in levels of service are anticipated as a result of the proposed housing development. Therefore, no improvements are warranted or recommended for this intersection.

#### Blodgett Drive / Bugbee Road

The Blodgett Drive/Bugbee Road intersection operates at LOS "B" or better on all approaches under existing, background, and full development conditions. No changes in LOS are anticipated and no improvements are warranted or recommended for this intersection.

## IX. CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

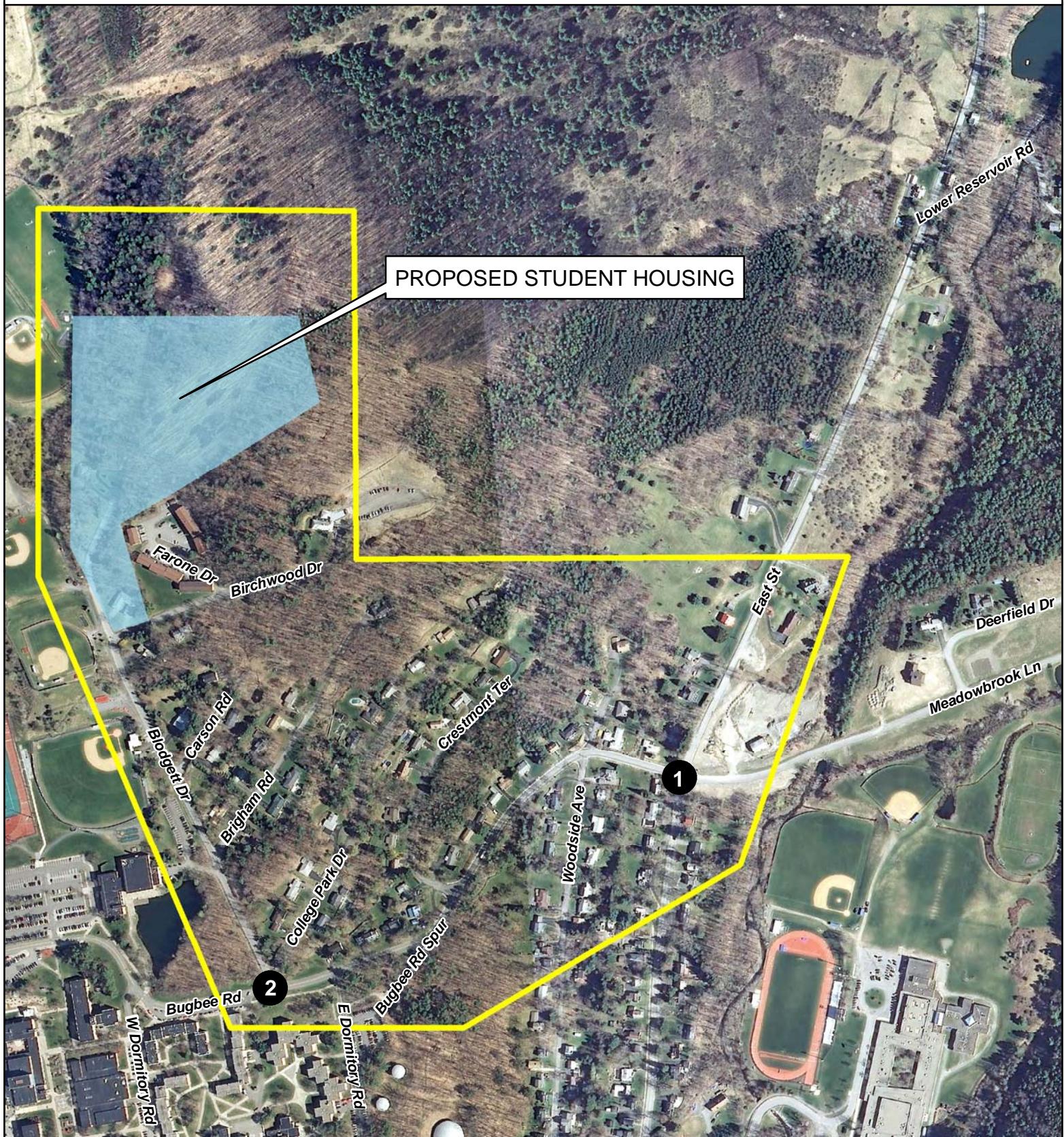
This study evaluates the potential traffic impacts resulting from the projected traffic volumes from the proposed student housing development. Based upon our comprehensive analysis, the results indicate that the proposed project will not have significant adverse traffic impacts to the existing roadway network. The following sets forth conclusions based upon the results of the analyses:

1. The proposed student housing units are expected to generate approximately 35 two-way vehicular trips during the morning peak hour and 49 two-way trips during the afternoon peak hour.
2. The design of the proposed development along with the proximity of the project site to SUNY Oneonta's campus and the availability of Oneonta Public Transit will encourage use of transit, walking and bicycling.
3. There are no significant, adverse traffic impacts to the surrounding roadway network based upon full development conditions.

## X. FIGURES

Figures 1 through 8 are included on the following pages.

# FIGURE 1 - SITE LOCATION AND STUDY AREA



## Legend

- Study Intersection
- Study Site
- Study Area

## PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING

CITY OF ONEONTA, NY

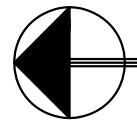
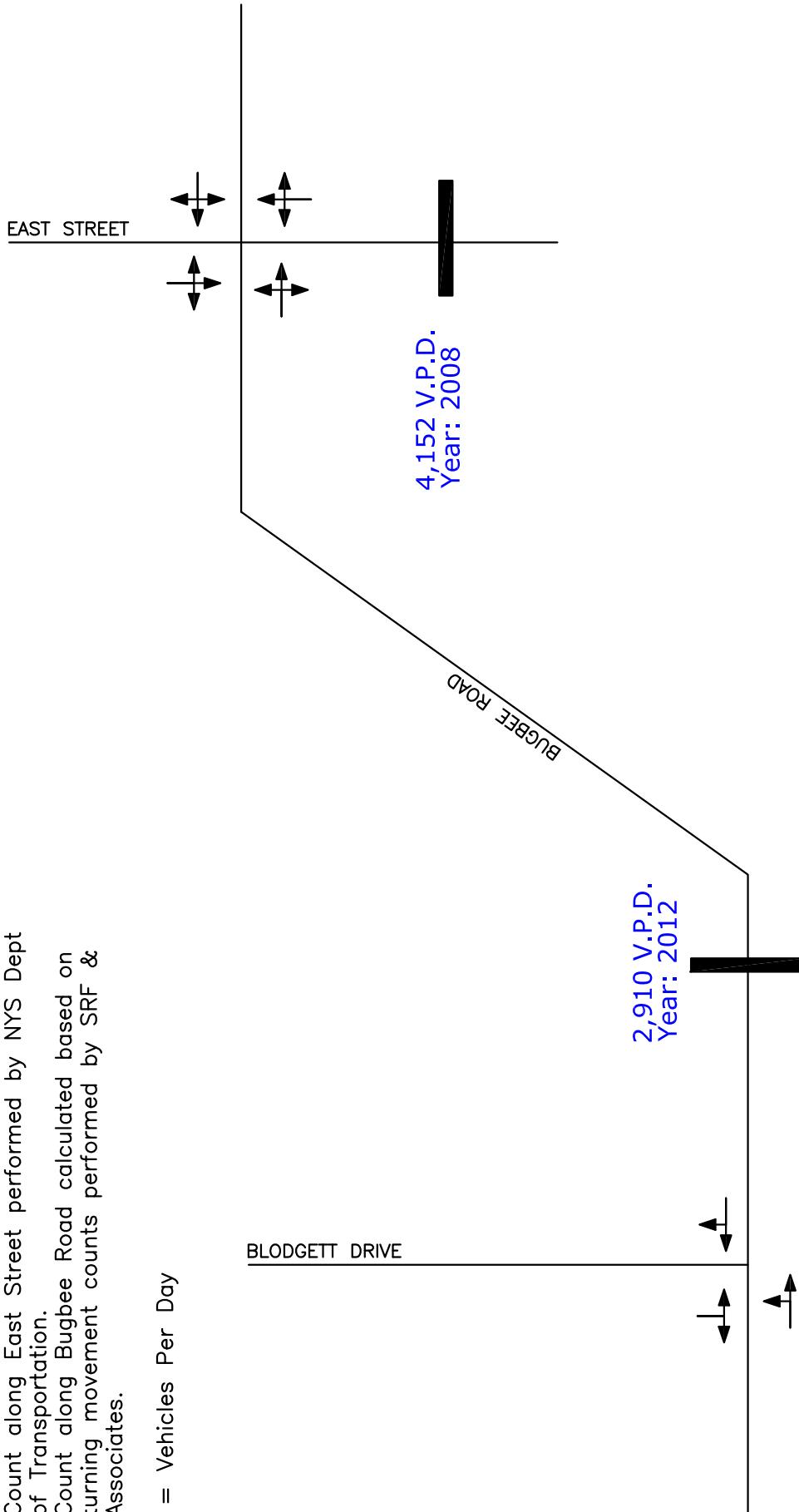
0 250 500 1,000  
Feet



**SRF**  
ASSOCIATES  
www.srfa.net  
Transportation Engineering & Planning Consultants

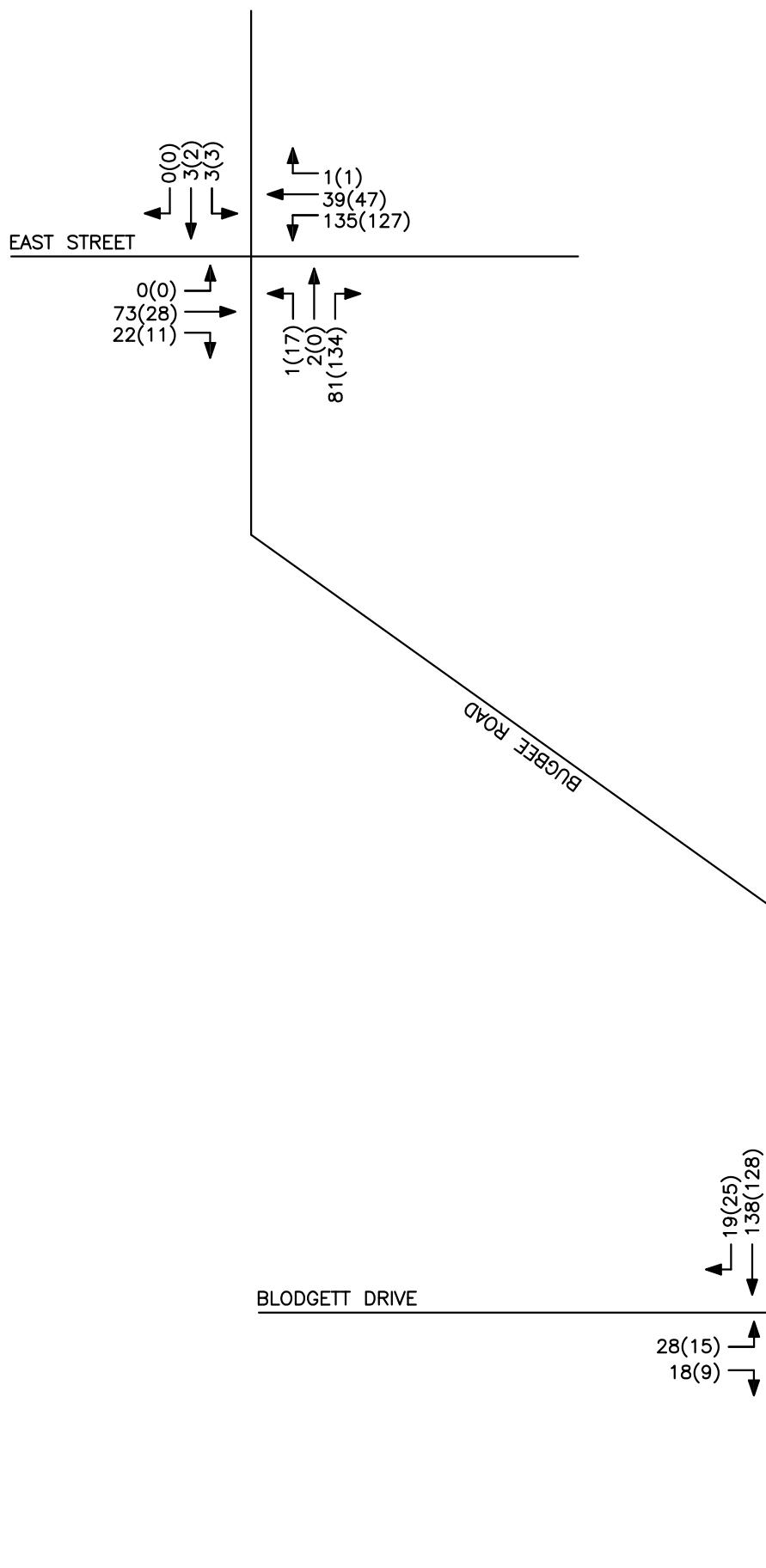
- Notes:
1. Count along East Street performed by NYS Dept of Transportation.
  2. Count along Bugbee Road calculated based on turning movement counts performed by SRF & Associates.

V.P.D = Vehicles Per Day



NOT TO SCALE

FIGURE 2	KEY
LANE GEOMETRY & AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC	
PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING ONEONTA, NY	



**FIGURE 3**

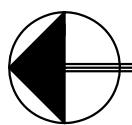
**KEY**

PEAK HOUR VOLUMES

2012 EXISTING CONDITIONS

00(00) = AM(MD)

PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING  
ONEONTA, NY



N  
NOT TO SCALE

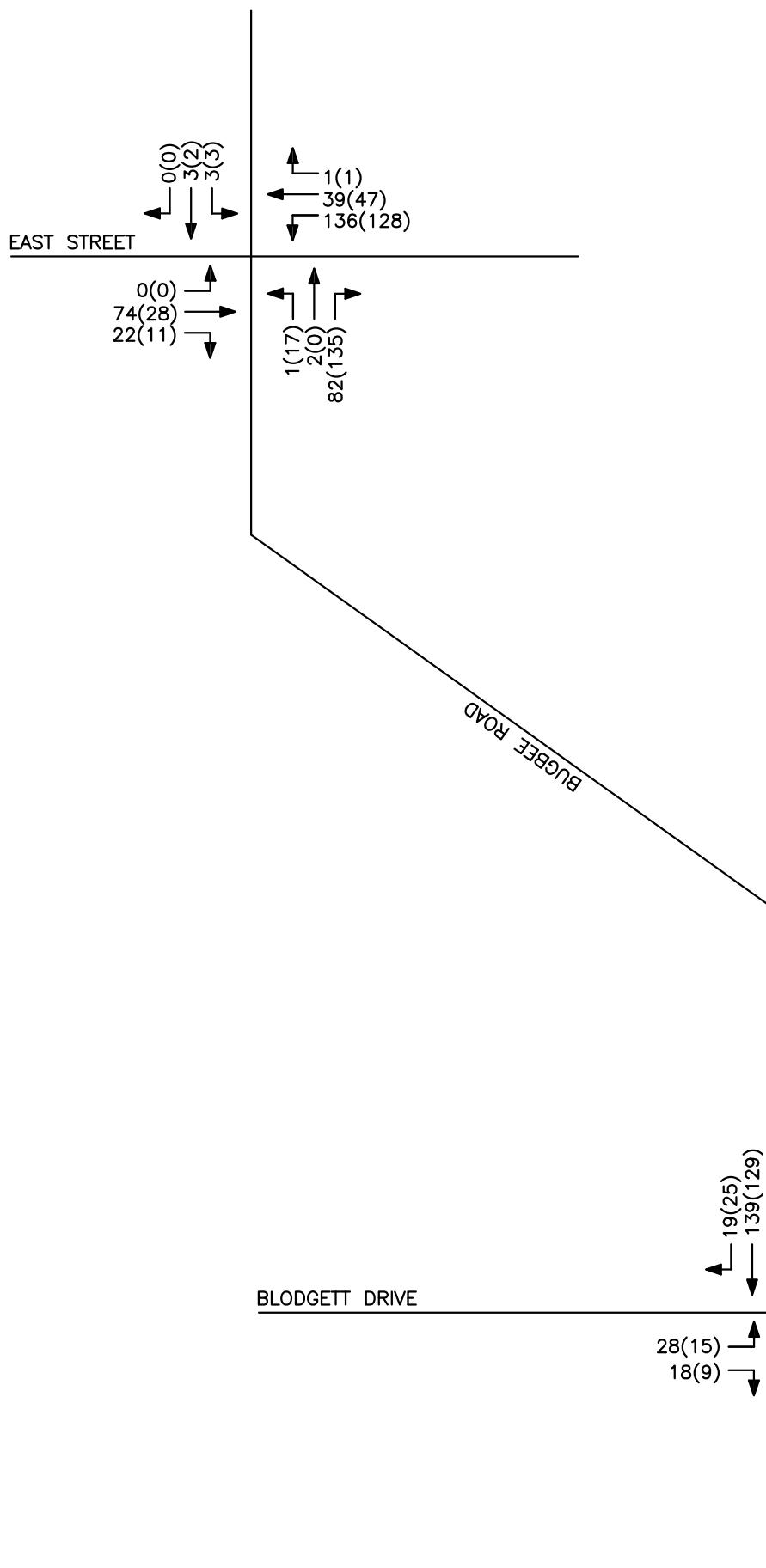


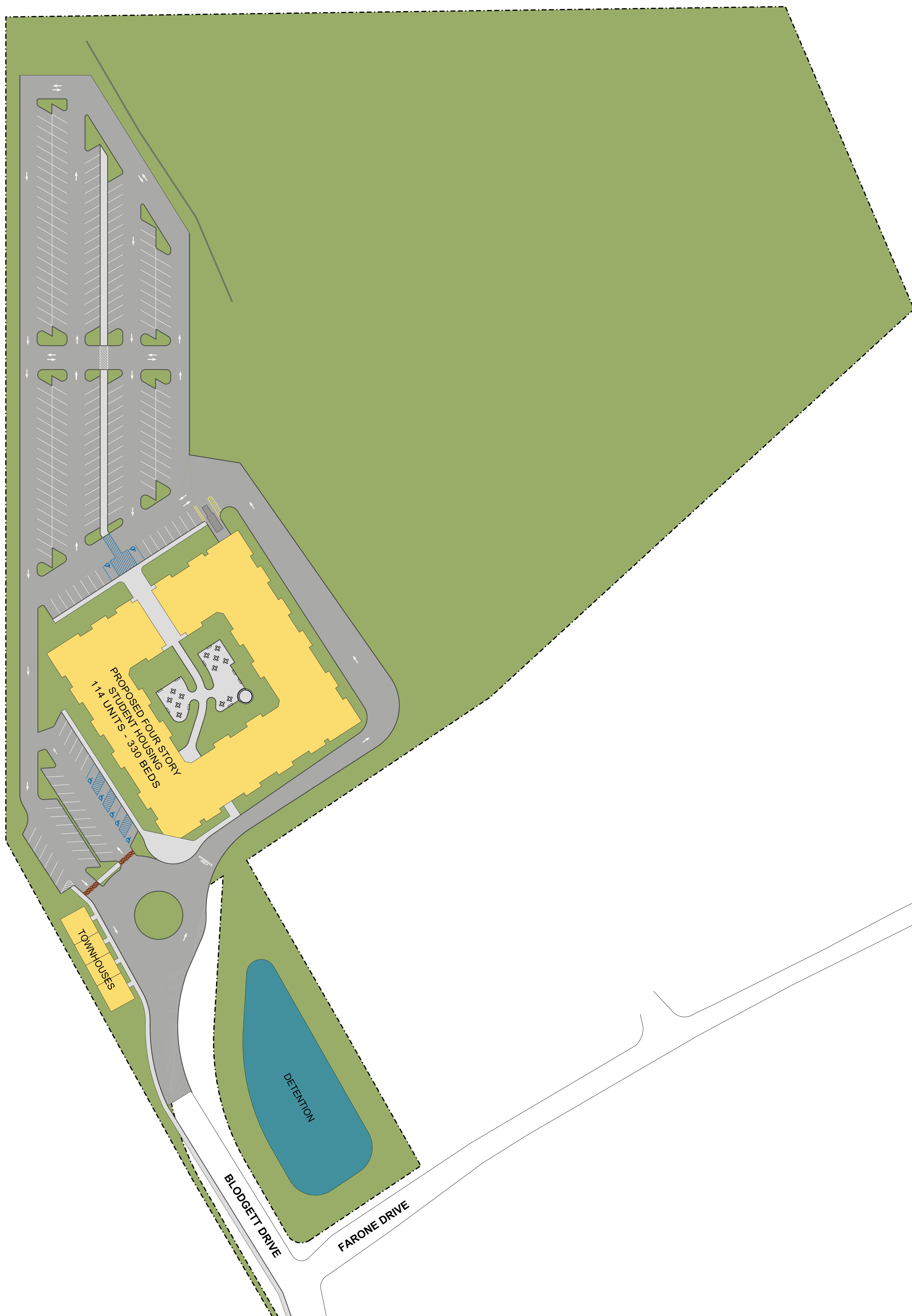
FIGURE 4

KEY

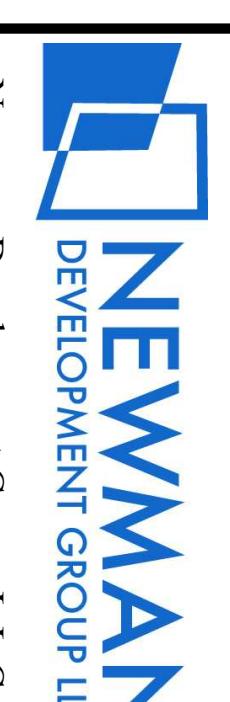
PEAK HOUR VOLUMES  
2014 BACKGROUND CONDITIONS  
00(00) = AM(MD)

PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING  
ONEONTA, NY

FIGURE 5 - CONCEPT SITE PLAN



PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT  
STUDENT HOUSING  
ONEONTA, NY



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Project	FEBRUARY 5, 2013	General Notes
Date	1'-0"-0"	Revision Issue
Scale	SP-1	Date

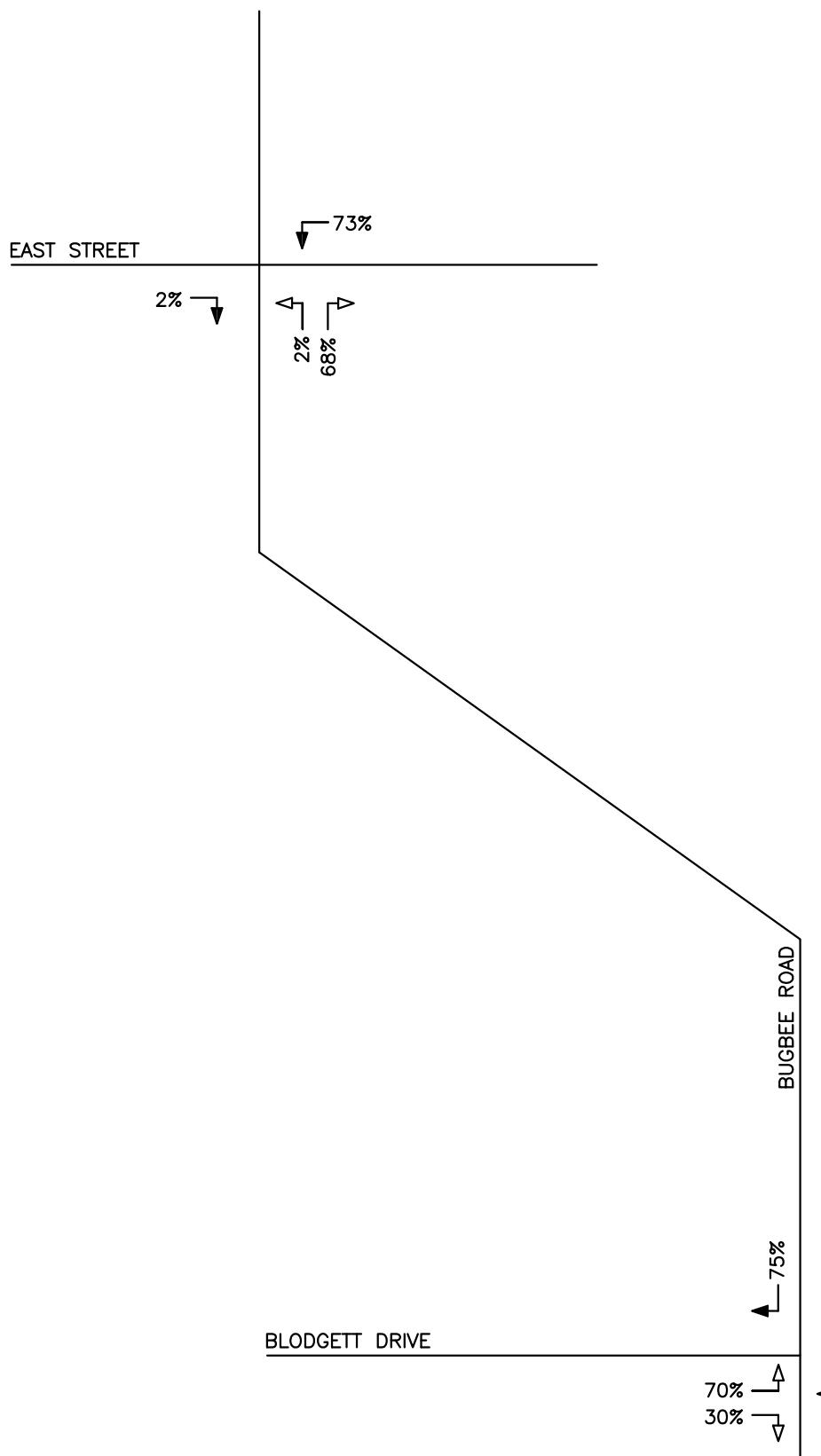


FIGURE 6

TRIP DISTRIBUTION	↑ = ENTERING TRIPS → = EXITING TRIPS
PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING ONEONTA, NY	NOT TO SCALE

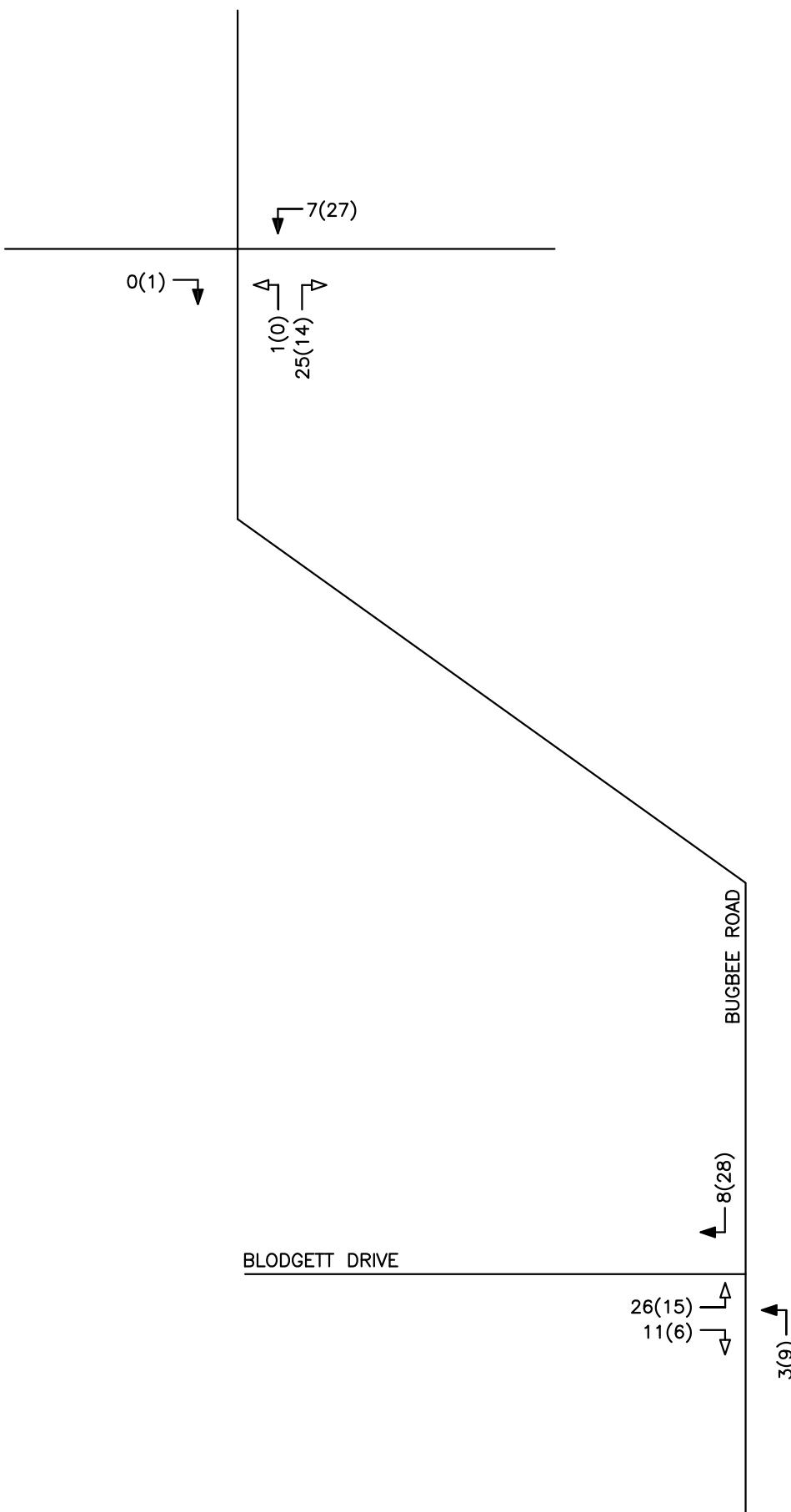


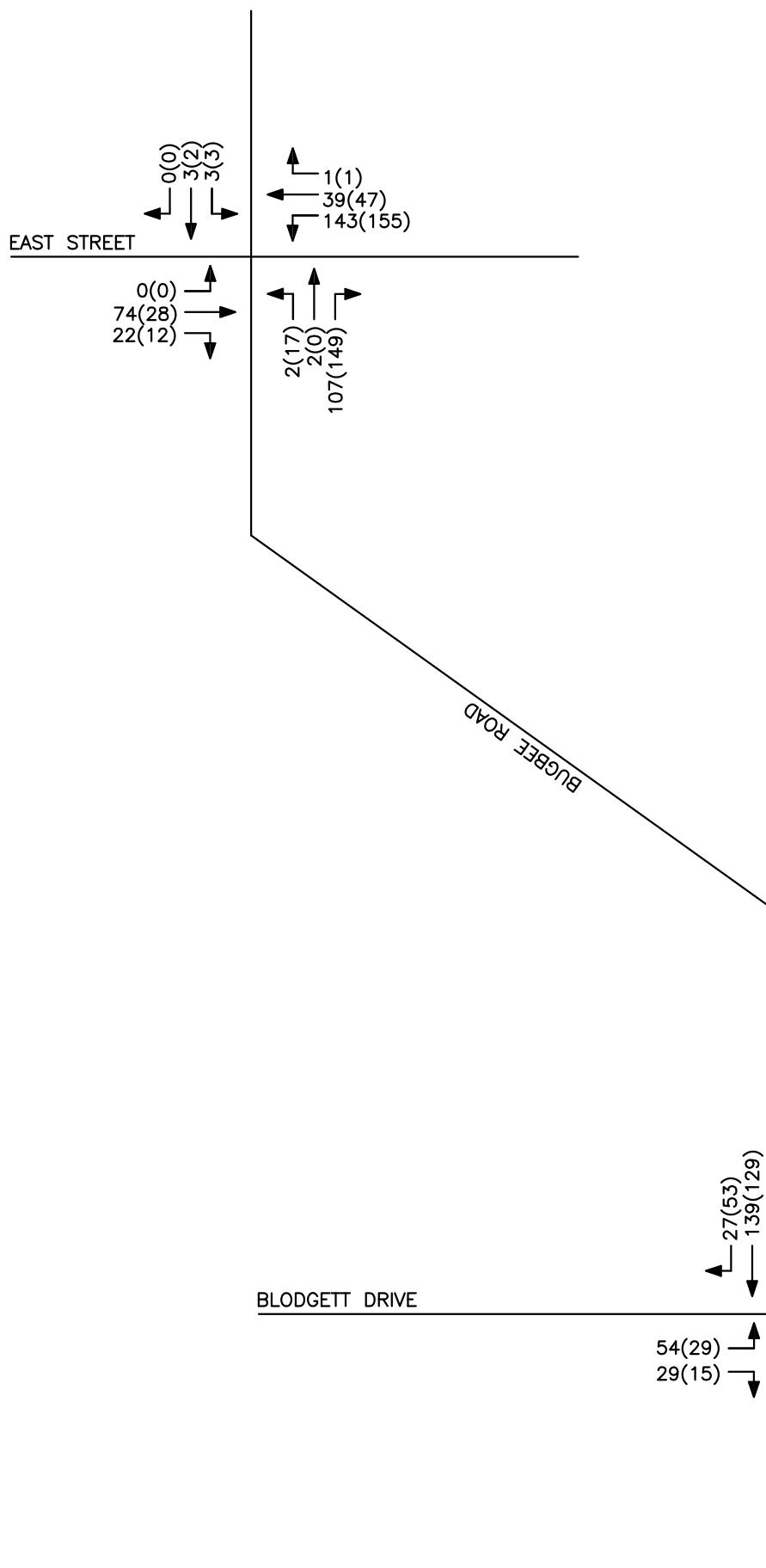
FIGURE 7



Transportation Engineering & Planning Consultants

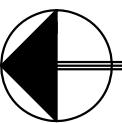
 N NOT TO SCALE	<b>KEY</b> SITE GENERATED TRIPS PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING ONEONTA, NY
$\rightarrow$ = ENTERING TRIPS $\leftarrow$ = EXITING TRIPS	$\rightarrow$ $\leftarrow$

00(00) = AM(MD)  
 $\rightarrow$  = ENTERING TRIPS  
 $\leftarrow$  = EXITING TRIPS



**FIGURE 8**

**SRF**  
ASSOCIATES  
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Transportation Engineering & Planning Consultants



NOT TO SCALE

KEY	
PEAK HOUR VOLUMES	00(00) = AM(MD)
FULL DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS	
PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING ONEONTA, NY	

# **APPENDICES**

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**A1**

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## **Collected Traffic Volume Data**

**SRF & Associates**  
**3495 Winton Place, Building E, Suite 110**  
**Rochester, NY 14623**

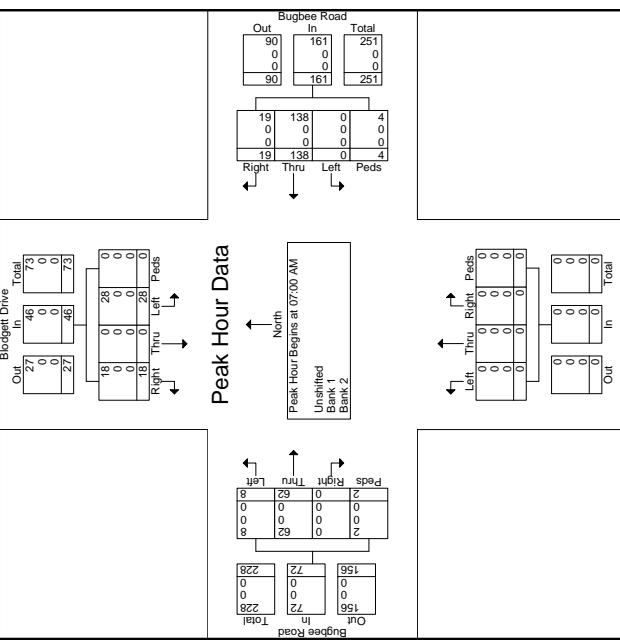


**SRF & Associates**  
**3495 Winton Place, Building E, Suite 110**  
**Rochester, NY 14623**

File Name : Blodgett.Bugbee.AM.Peak  
 Site Code : 11281211  
 Start Date : 11/28/2012  
 Page No : 1

Groups Printed-Unshifted - Bank 1 - Bank 2												
	Bugbee Road Westbound						Bugbee Road Eastbound					
	Blodgett Drive Southbound			Northbound			Blodgett Drive Southbound			Northbound		
Start Time	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	Right	Thru	Left	Peds
07:00 AM	9	0	9	0	4	13	0	0	0	0	1	0
07:15 AM	1	0	7	0	2	29	0	1	0	0	1	55
07:30 AM	3	0	7	0	4	32	0	1	0	0	0	64
07:45 AM	5	0	5	0	9	64	0	2	0	0	0	103
Total	18	0	28	0	19	138	0	4	0	0	0	279
08:00 AM	7	0	5	0	5	26	0	1	0	0	0	57
Grand Total	25	0	33	0	24	164	0	5	0	0	0	557
Avg/Min %	43.1	0	56.9	0	12.4	85	0	2.6	0	0	0	.6777
Total %	7.3	0	9.6	0	7	48	0	1.5	0	0	0	279
Unshifted	25	0	33	0	24	164	0	5	0	0	0	557
% Unshifted	100	0	100	0	100	100	0	100	0	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bugbee Road											
Blodgett Drive Southbound						Bugbee Road Westbound					
Start Time	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	Int.	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	Int.	Total
Peak Hour Analysis From 07:00 AM to 07:45 AM - Begins at 07:00 AM											
07:00 AM	9	9	0	0	0	18	4	13	0	1	57
07:15 AM	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	28	0	0	31
07:30 AM	3	0	7	0	0	0	10	4	32	0	64
07:45 AM	5	0	5	0	0	10	9	64	0	2	103
Total	18	0	28	0	0	62	8	2	0	0	279
Total Volume	18	0	28	0	0	46	19	138	0	4	161
% Auto Total	39.1	0	60.9	0	0	85.7	0	2.5	0	0	279
PHF	500	0	778	0	0	639	.528	539	0	500	.8577
Unshifted	18	0	28	0	0	46	19	138	0	4	161
% Unshifted	100	0	100	0	0	100	0	100	0	0	100
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



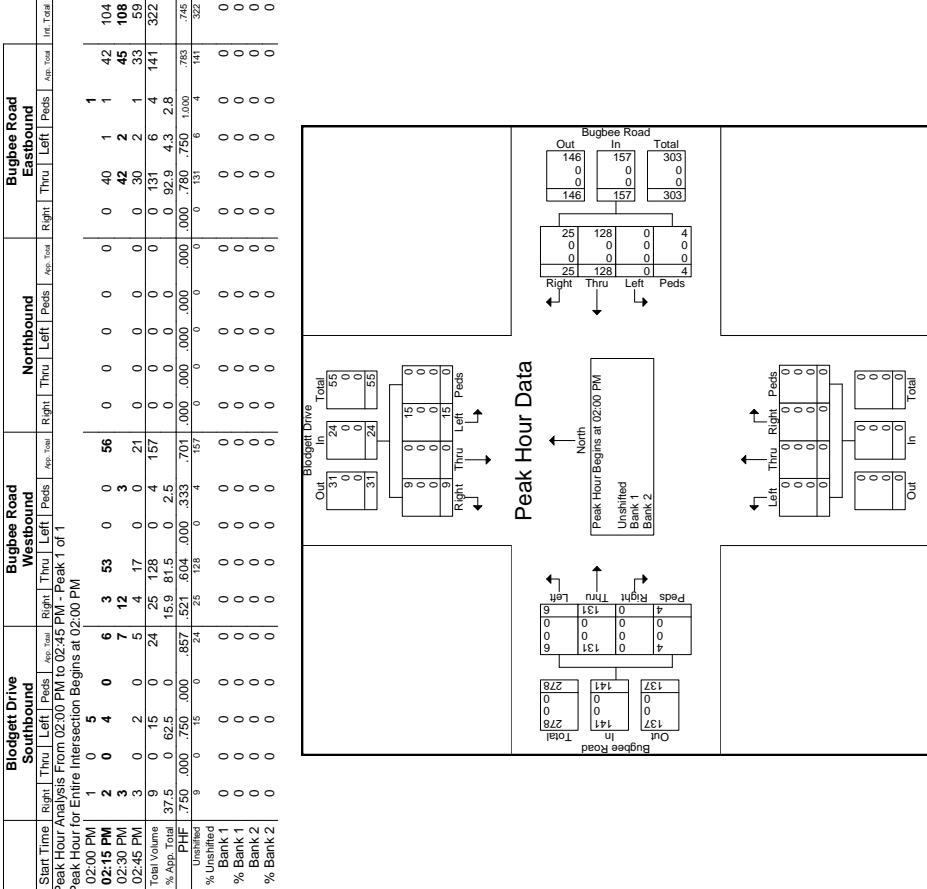
**SRF & Associates**  
**3495 Winton Place, Building E, Suite 110**  
**Rochester, NY 14623**



**SRF & Associates**  
**3495 Winton Place, Building E, Suite 110**  
**Rochester, NY 14623**

File Name : Blodgett.Bugbee.Afternoon.Peak  
 Site Code : 00122712  
 Start Date : 11/27/2012  
 Page No : 1

Groups Printed-Unshifted - Bank 1 - Bank 2											
Bugbee Road						Bugbee Road					
Blodgett Drive Southbound			Northbound			Blodgett Drive Eastbound			Westbound		
Start Time	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	Right	Thru	Left	Peds	Right	Thru	Left
01:45 PM Total	2	0	2	0	4	32	0	0	0	0	26
02:00 PM	1	0	5	0	6	17	0	1	0	19	1
02:15 PM	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
02:30 PM	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69
02:45 PM Total	3	0	4	0	12	41	0	3	0	0	0
Total	9	0	15	0	25	728	0	4	0	0	131
03:00 PM Grand Total	0	0	6	0	5	15	0	4	0	0	1
Apprich %	11	0	23	0	34	15	0	4	0	0	0
Total %	22.4	0	67.6	0	16	82.2	0	1.9	0	0	0
% Unshifted	11	0	23	0	34	175	0	4	0	0	0
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100
Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% Bank 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



File Name : Blodgett.Bugbee.Afternoon.Peak  
 Site Code : 00122712  
 Start Date : 11/27/2012  
 Page No : 2

File Name : Blodgett.Bugbee.Afternoon.Peak  
 Site Code : 00122712  
 Start Date : 11/27/2012  
 Page No : 2





## A2

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### Miscellaneous Traffic Data and Calculations

# Proposed Student Housing Development

## Summary of Trip Generation Calculation

2/13/2013



### Estimated Trips based on ITE Rates\*

AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour		<u>Trips Reduction Rates</u>	
Enter 12	Exit 42	Enter 45	Exit 24	Transit	10%
-1	-4	-5	-2	Pedestrian/ Bicycle	20%
<i>Transit trip reductions</i>					
<i>Pedestrian/Bicycle trip reductions</i>					
-2	-8	-9	-5	<i>Total Reduction of Trips Generated</i>	
-4	-15	-14	-7	<i>Total Resulting Trips Generated</i>	
8	27	32	17		

### Total Site Generated Trips

Description	Size	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
		Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
Student Housing	124 Units	8	27	32	17

\* Rates for Low-Rise Apartments (Land Use Code 221)

## PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING, ONEONTA, NY

### AM PEAK

LOCATION NUMBER	INTERSECTION DESCRIPTION	Existing Volume	Bkgd Volume 0.5%	Proposed Student Housing				Total Site Trips	Full Build Volumes
				Enter Dist. %	Exit Dist. %	Trips IN	Trips OUT		
1	East Street / Bugbee Road								
	SR	22	22	2%		0		0	22
	ST	73	74						74
	SL	0	0						
	WR	0	0						
	WT	3	3						3
	WL	3	3						3
	NR	1	1						1
	NT	39	39						39
	NL	135	136	73%		6		6	142
2	Blodgett Drive / Bugbee Road								
	SR	18	18		30%		8	8	26
	ST	0	0						
	SL	28	28		70%		19	19	47
	WR	19	19	75%		6		6	25
	WT	138	139						139
	WL	0	0						
	NR	0	0						
	NT	0	0						
	NL	0	0						
	ER	0	0						
	ET	62	63						63
	EL	8	8	25%		2		2	10

# **PROPOSED STUDENT HOUSING, ONEONTA, NY**



## AFTERNOON PEAK

LOCATION NUMBER	INTERSECTION DESCRIPTION	Existing Volume	Bkgd Volume 0.5%	Proposed Student Housing				Total Site Trips	Full Build Volumes
				Enter Dist. %	Exit Dist. %	Trips IN 32	Trips OUT 17		
1	East Street / Bugbee Road								
	SR	11	11	2%		1		1	12
	ST	28	28						28
	SL	0	0						
	WR	0	0						
	WT	2	2						2
	WL	3	3						3
	NR	1	1						1
	NT	47	47						47
	NL	127	128	73%		23		23	151
2	Blodgett Drive / Bugbee Road								
	SR	9	9		30%			5	5
	ST	0	0						
	SL	15	15		70%			12	12
	WR	25	25	75%		24		24	49
	WT	128	129						129
	WL	0	0						
	NR	0	0						
	NT	0	0						
	NL	0	0						
3	ER	0	0						
	ET	131	132						132
	EL	6	6	25%		8		8	14

# A3

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## **Level of Service: Criteria and Definitions**

# Level of Service Criteria

## Highway Capacity Manual 2000

### SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

Level of Service is a qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream, based on service measures such as speed and travel time, freedom to maneuver, traffic interruptions, comfort, and convenience. Level of Service for signalized intersections is defined in terms of delay specifically, average total delay per vehicle for a 15 minute analysis period. The ranges are as follows:

Level of Service	Control Delay per vehicle (seconds)
A	< 10
B	10 – 20
C	20 – 35
D	35 – 55
E	55 – 80
F	>80

### UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

Level of Service for unsignalized intersections is also defined in terms of delay. However, the delay criteria are different from a signalized intersection. The primary reason for this is driver expectation that a signalized intersection is designed to carry higher volumes than an unsignalized intersection. The total delay threshold for any given Level of Service is less for an unsignalized intersection than for a signalized intersection. The ranges are as follows:

Level of Service	Control Delay per vehicle (seconds)
A	< 10
B	10 – 15
C	15 – 25
D	25 – 35
E	35 - 50
F	>50

# A4

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## **Level of Service Calculations: Existing Conditions**



**Proposed Student Housing  
1: Bugbee Road & East Street**

Existing Conditions - Afternoon Peak Hour  
12/11/2012

**Proposed Student Housing  
2: Bugbee Road & Blodgett Drive**

Existing Conditions - Afternoon Peak Hour  
12/11/2012

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBC	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	4	4	3	2	0	127	47	1	0	28	11
Volume (veh/h)	17	0	134	3	Stop	Free	0%	0%	0%	Free	Free
Sign Control	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Grade	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.58	0.58	0.72	0.72	0.91	0.91	0.78	0.78
Peak Hour Factor	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.58	0.58	0.72	0.72	0.91	0.91	0.70	0.70
Hourly flow rate (vph)	23	0	181	5	3	0	176	65	1	0	31
Pedestrians											12
Lane Width (ft)											
Walking Speed (ft/s)											
Percent Blockage											
Right turn flare (veh)											
Median type											
Median storage (veh)											
Upstream signal (ft)											
pX, platoon unblocked											
VC, conflicting volume											
vc1, stage 1 cont vol											
vc2, stage 2 cont vol											
vCu, unblocked vol											
IC, single (s)	457	456	37	637	462	66	43	67	67	219	384
IC, 2 stage (s)											
IF (s)	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	22	3.5
po queue free %	95	100	83	98	99	100	89	100	99	99	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	467	444	1035	294	441	998	1566	1535	1351	615	840
Direction, Lane #	EB1	WB1	NB1	SB1							
Volume Total	204	9	243	43							
Volume Left	23	5	176	0							
Volume Right	181	0	1	12							
cSH	911	339	1566	1535							
Volume to Capacity	0.22	0.03	0.11	0.00							
Queue Length 95th (ft)	21	2	10	0							
Control Delay (s)	10.1	15.9	5.8	0.0							
Lane LOS	B	C	A								
Approach Delay (s)	10.1	15.9	5.8	0.0							
Approach LOS	B	C									
<b>Intersection Summary</b>											
Average Delay	7.2										
Intersection Capacity Utilization	320%										
Analysis Period (min)	15										

# A5

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## **Level of Service Calculations: Background Conditions**

Proposed Student Housing 1: Bugbee Road & East Street										Background Conditions - AM Peak Hour 12/17/2012											
Proposed Student Housing 2: Bugbee Road & Blodgett Drive					Background Conditions - AM Peak Hour 12/17/2012					Proposed Student Housing 2: Bugbee Road & Blodgett Drive					Background Conditions - AM Peak Hour 12/17/2012						
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBC	EBS	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBT	SBL	SBR	Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	1	2	82	3	3	0	136	39	1	0	74	22	4	Lane Configurations	8	63	139	19	28	18	
Volume (veh/h)	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Volume (veh/h)	8	63	139	19	28	18	
Sign Control	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop		
Grade	0.81	0.81	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.89	1.00	0.86	Grade	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.81	0.81	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.89	1.00	0.86	Peak Hour Factor	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	2	101	6	6	0	189	54	1	0	83	22	9	Hourly flow rate (vph)	9	73	257	35	44	28	
Pedestrians														Pedestrians							
Lane Width (ft)														Lane Width (ft)							
Walking Speed (ft/s)														Walking Speed (ft/s)							
Percent Blockage														Percent Blockage							
Right turn flare (veh)														Right turn flare (veh)							
Median type														Median type							
Median storage (veh)														Median storage (veh)							
Upstream signal (ft)														Upstream signal (ft)							
pX, platoon unlocked														pX, platoon unlocked							
VC, conflicting volume														VC, conflicting volume							
vc1, stage 1 cont vol														vc1, stage 1 cont vol							
vc2, stage 2 cont vol														vc2, stage 2 cont vol							
vcU, unblocked vol														vcU, unblocked vol							
IC, single (s)														IC, single (s)							
IC, 2 stage (s)														IC, 2 stage (s)							
IF (s)														IF (s)							
po queue free %														po queue free %							
cM capacity (veh/h)														cM capacity (veh/h)							
Direction, Lane #	EB1	WB1	NB1	SB1										Direction, Lane #	EB1	WB1	SB1				
Volume Total	105	12	244	105										Volume Total	83	293	72				
Volume Left	1	6	189	0										Volume Left	9	0	44				
Volume Right	101	0	1	22										Volume Right	0	36	28				
cSH	918	351	1486	1549										cSH	1269	1700	675				
Volume to Capacity	0.11	0.03	0.13	0.00										Volume to Capacity	0.01	0.17	0.11				
Queue Length 95th (ft)	10	3	11	0										Queue Length 95th (ft)	1	0	9				
Control Delay (s)	9.4	15.6	6.2	0.0										Control Delay (s)	0.9	0.0	11.0				
Lane LOS	A	C	A	A										Lane LOS	A	B	B				
Approach Delay (s)	9.4	15.6	6.2	0.0										Approach Delay (s)	0.9	0.0	11.0				
Approach LOS	A	C	A	C										Approach LOS	B						
Intersection Summary					5.8									Intersection Summary							
Average Delay														Average Delay							
Intersection Capacity Utilization														Intersection Capacity Utilization							
Analysis Period (min)														Analysis Period (min)	15	20.0%	1.9				



# A6

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## **Level of Service Calculations: Full Development Conditions**

Full Development Conditions - AM Peak Hour 1: Bugbee Road & East Street											Full Development Conditions - AM Peak Hour 2: Bugbee Road & Blodgett Drive											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBC	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBT	SBR	Movement	EBL	EBT	EBC	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	SBL	SBR
Lane Configurations	1	2	107	3	3	0	143	39	1	0	74	22	Lane Configurations	11	63	139	27	54	29			
Volume (veh/h)	Sign Control	Stop		Stop		0%	Free	0%	0%	0%	Free	Stop	Volume (veh/h)									
Grade	Peak Hour Factor	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.50	0.50	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.89	0.89	1.00	Grade									
Houly flowrate (vph)	Pedestrians	1	2	132	6	6	0	199	54	1	0	83	22	Peak Hour Factor	0.86	0.86	0.54	0.54	0.64	0.64		
Lane Width (ft)													Hourly flow rate (vph)									
Walking Speed (ft/s)													Pedestrians	13	73	257	50	84	45			
Percent Blockage													Lane Width (ft)									
Right turn flare (veh)													Percent Blockage									
Median type													Right turn flare (veh)									
Median storage veh													Median type									
Upstream signal (ft)													Median storage (veh)									
pX, platoon unblocked													Upstream signal (ft)									
VC, conflicting volume													pX, platoon unblocked									
vc1, stage 1 con vol													vc1, stage 1 conflict volume									
vc2, stage 2 con vol													vc1, stage 1 conflict volume									
vc1, unblocked vol													vc2, stage 2 con vol									
IC, single (s)													vc1, unblocked vol									
IC, 2 stage (s)													IC, single (s)									
IF (s)													IC, 2 stage (s)									
po queue free %													IF (s)									
cM capacity (veh/h)													po queue free %									
	396	385	963	281	380	1012	1486	100	87	100	87	100	cM capacity (veh/h)	99	99	99	99	86	86	94		
Direction Lane #	EB1	WB1	NB1	SB1									Direction Lane #	EB1	WB1	NB1	SB1					
Volume Total	136	12	254	105									Volume Total	86	307	130						
Volume Left	1	6	199	0									Volume Left	13	0	84						
Volume Right	132	0	1	22									Volume Right	0	50	45						
cSH	925	323	1486	1549									cSH	1253	1700	658						
Volume to Capacity	0.15	0.04	0.13	0.00									Volume to Capacity	0.01	0.18	0.20						
Queue Length 95th (ft)	13	3	12	0									Queue Length 95th (ft)	1	0	18						
Control Delay (s)	9.6	16.6	6.3	0.0									Control Delay (s)	1.2	0.0	11.8						
Lane LOS	A	C	A	A									Lane LOS	A	B	B						
Approach Delay (s)	9.6	16.6	6.3	0.0									Approach Delay (s)	1.2	0.0	11.8						
Approach LOS	A	C	A	C									Approach LOS		B	B						
<b>Intersection Summary</b>																						
Average Delay		6.1											Average Delay									
Intersection Capacity Utilization		30.1%											Intersection Capacity Utilization	24.1%								
Analysis Period (min)		15											Analysis Period (min)	15								

